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Petersbourg, September 15.

THE Czarina has given 4000 Rubles to Major General Apraxin, who brought the News of the Battle near Choczim, and of the taking of that Place, and has made him First Major of the Foot Guards, and a Knight of St. Alexander. Another Courier is arrived with Letters from Field-Marshal Munich, dated the 29th of August, importing, that he had passed the River Pruth, and was entred Moldavia, and had found in his March 42 Brass Cannon and 6 Mortars, that were left on the Road by the flying Turks.

Stockholm, Sept. 25. Mr. Burnaby, his Britannick Majesty's Secretary to this Court, arrived here the 22d Instant, and has notified his Arrival to all the Foreign Ministers here. The King of Sweden will go on the 27th to Suder Tellie, about three Miles off, to review the Regiment of Ostrogothia, and return the same Evening; in order to set out next Morning for Ekelsund, to review two other Regiments which are on their March to the Place where they are to embark. They will successively arrive at that Place from the 3d to the 10th of next Month, and set Sail as soon as the Wind serves for Finland.

Dresden, Oct. 4, *N. S.* By an Estaffette lately arrived, with Letters to Count Wratislau, and M. Keyserling, the Imperial and Russian Ministers, we are inform'd, that a Peace was agreed on the 18th of Septem b r, N. S. at the Grand Vizier's Quarters before Belgrade, between the Czarin a and the Porte, but have no Account of the Conditions. These Advices add, that Count Munich was arrived at Jassi. The Nobility of Masovia having assembled on the 14th of September at Warsaw, to elect Deputies to the Tribunal of Justice of the Crown, and nominate Commissaries for the Commission of the Treasure at Radom, (for both which Purposes Dietines have been held in other Palatinates and on the Crown Lands) the Adherents of the Confederacy of Braclau endeavour'd to exasperate their Countrymen against the neighbouring Powers, spirited thereto by a circular Letter from the Great Crown General, as Palatine of Kiow, to the Meetings of the Palatinates, setting forth the Damages committed by Foreign Troops in their Passage, notwithstanding the Neutrality of the Poles; and proposing to prevent the like, in Case the same Troops should repass through, or winter in Poland. This Letter being read, a Manifesto was proposed in this Assembly against such Proceedings, but rejected; and the Opinion of M. Riedsinski, Castellan of Czersk, agreed to, viz. That the King of Poland had already taken proper Measures in this Respect, pursuant to the Senatus Concilium at Fraustad, by sending Envoys (with proper Instructions) to the three Courts concern'd; and therefore it would conduce to the Preservation of the publick Tran-